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This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:**

Claim 1 (original): Use of perfluoroalkyl-containing metal complexes that have a critical micelle formation concentration  $< 10^{-3}$  mol/l, a hydrodynamic micelle diameter ( $2 R_h$ )  $> 1$  nm and a proton relaxivity in plasma ( $R^1$ )  $> 10$  l/mmol's as contrast media in MR imaging for visualization of intravascular thrombi.

Claim 2 (original): Use according to claim 1, characterized in that the metal complexes are used as MRI contrast media for visualization of venous thrombi.

Claim 3 (currently amended): Use according to claim 1 ~~or 2~~, wherein the metal complexes are used as MRI contrast media for visualization of arterial thrombi.

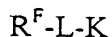
Claim 4 (currently amended): Use according to ~~one of claims 1 to 3~~ claim 1, wherein the metal complexes are used as MRI contrast media for early determination of a thrombotic occlusive vascular disease.

Claim 5 (original): Use according to claim 1, wherein metal complexes whose micelle formation concentration is  $< 10^{-4}$  mol/l are used.

Claim 6 (original): Use according to claim 1, wherein metal complexes whose hydrodynamic micelle diameter is  $\geq 3$  nm, preferably  $> 4$  nm, are used.

Claim 7 (original): Use according to claim 1, wherein metal complexes that have a proton relaxivity in plasma of  $> 13$  l/mmol's, preferably  $> 15$  l/mmol's, are used.

Claim 8 (currently amended): Use according to ~~one of claims 1 to 7~~ claim 1, wherein as perfluoroalkyl-containing metal complexes, the compounds of general formula I



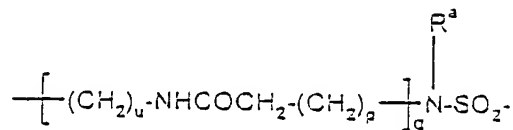
I

in which

$R^F$  is a perfluorinated, straight-chain or branched carbon chain with formula  $-C_nF_{2n}E$ ,  
in which

E represents a terminal fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine or hydrogen atom  
and n stands for numbers 4-30,

L means a direct bond, a methylene group, an -NHCO group, a group



whereby p means the numbers 0 to 10, and q and n, independently of one another,  
mean numbers 0 or 1, and

R<sup>a</sup> is a hydrogen atom, a methyl group, a benzyl group, a phenyl group, a -  
CH<sub>2</sub>-OH group, a CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>3</sub> group, a -CH<sub>2</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H group or a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>15</sub> chain,  
which optionally is interrupted by 1 to 3 oxygen atoms, 1 to 2 >CO groups  
or an optionally substituted aryl group and/or is substituted with 1 to 4  
hydroxyl groups, 1 to 2 C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy groups, 1 to 2 carboxy groups, a  
group -SO<sub>3</sub>H-,

or is a straight-chain, branched, saturated or unsaturated C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>30</sub> carbon chain,  
which optionally contains 1 to 10 oxygen atoms, 1 to 3 -NR<sup>a</sup> groups, 1 to 2 sulfur  
atoms, a piperazine, a -CONR<sup>a</sup> group, one to six -NR<sup>a</sup>CO groups, an -SO<sub>2</sub> group,  
an -NR<sup>a</sup>-CO<sub>2</sub> group, 1 to 2 CO groups, a group

-CO-N-T-N(R<sup>a</sup>)-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>F</sup>, or 1 to 2 optionally substituted aryls and/or is interrupted

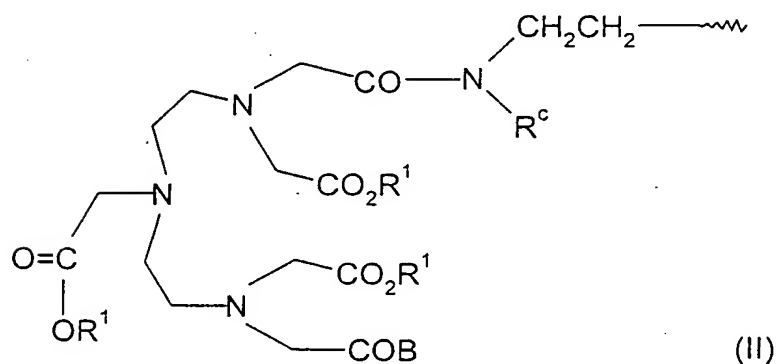
by these groups and/or is optionally substituted with 1 to 3 -OR<sup>a</sup> groups, 1 to 2  
oxo groups, 1 to 2 -NH-COR<sup>a</sup> groups, 1 to 2 -CONHR<sup>a</sup> groups, 1 to 2 -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>p</sub>-  
CO<sub>2</sub>H groups, 1 to 2 groups -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>p</sub>-(O)<sub>q</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>F</sup>,

whereby

$R^a$ ,  $R^F$  and p and q have the above-indicated meanings, and

T means a  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  chain, which optionally is interrupted by 1 to 2 oxygen atoms or 1 to 2 -NHCO groups,

K stands for a complexing agent or metal complex or their salts of organic and/or inorganic bases or amino acids or amino acid amides, specifically for a complexing agent or complex of general formula II

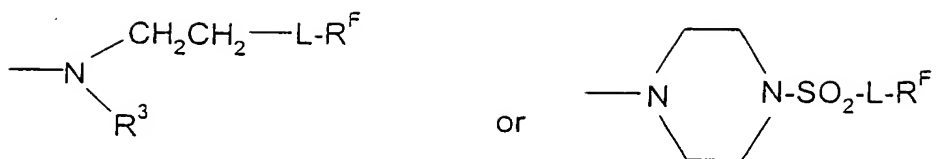


in which  $R^c$ ,  $R^1$  and B are independent of one another, and

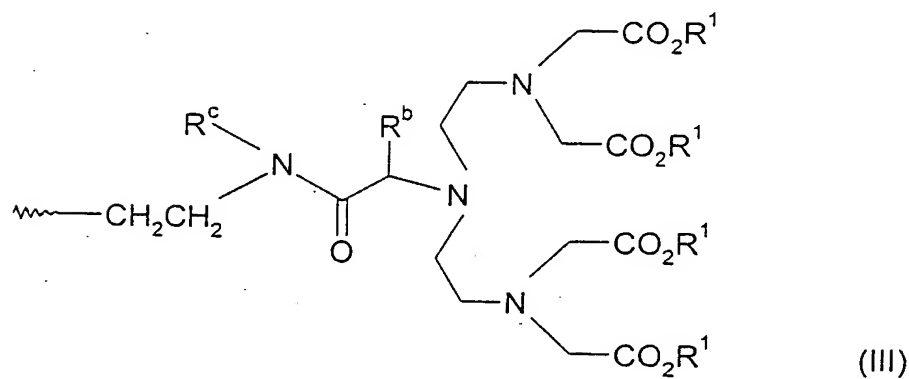
$R^c$  has the meaning of  $R^a$  or means  $-(CH_2)_m-L-R^F$ , whereby m is 0, 1 or 2, and L and  $R^F$  have the above-mentioned meaning,

$R^1$ , independently of one another, mean a hydrogen atom or a metal ion equivalent of atomic numbers 22-29, 42-46 or 58-70,

B means  $-OR^1$  or



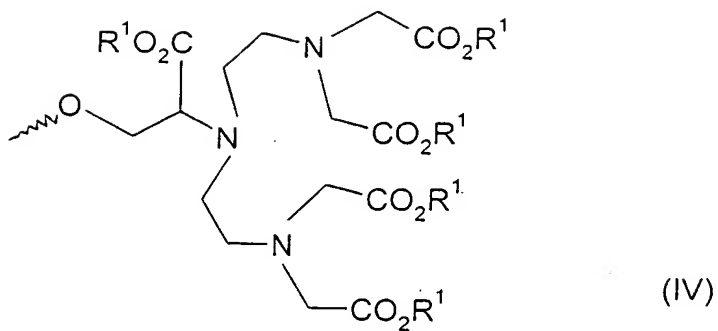
whereby  $\text{R}^1$ , L,  $\text{R}^{\text{F}}$  and  $\text{R}^{\text{c}}$  have the above-mentioned meanings, or  
 K stands for a complexing agent or complex of general formula III



in which  $\text{R}^{\text{c}}$  and  $\text{R}^1$  have the above-mentioned meanings,  
 $\text{R}^{\text{b}}$  has the meaning of  $\text{R}^{\text{a}}$ , and

or

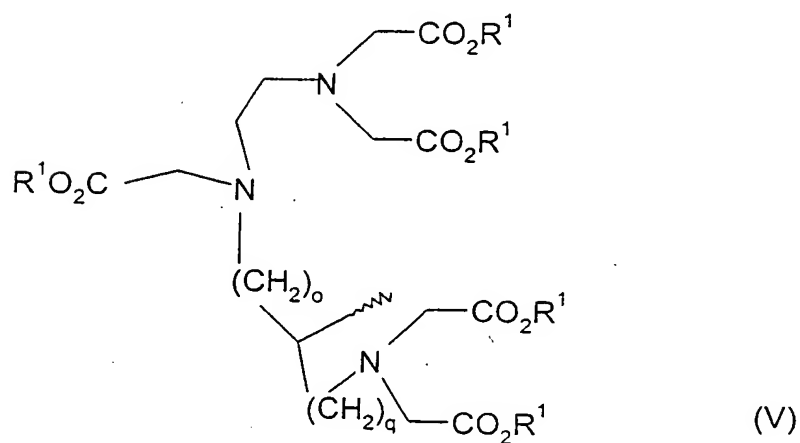
K stands for a complexing agent or complex of general formula IV



in which  $R^1$  has the above-mentioned meaning

or

K stands for a complexing agent or complex of general formula V



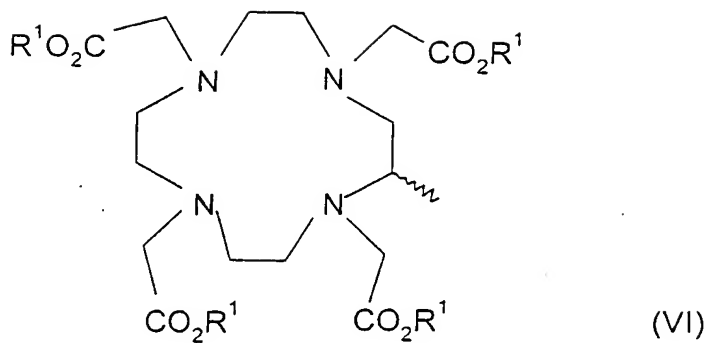
in which  $R^1$  has the above-mentioned meaning, and o and q stand for numbers 0

or

1, and yields the sum  $o + q = 1$ ,

or

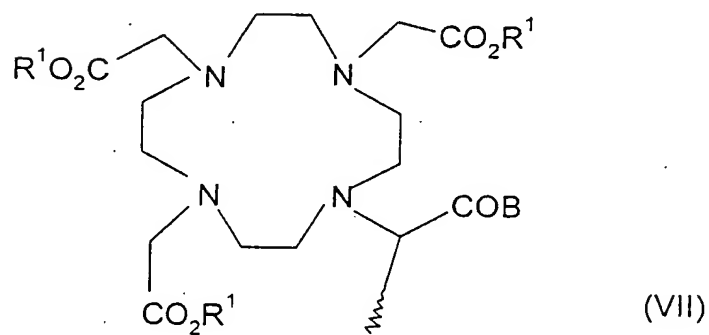
K stands for a complexing agent or complex of general formula VI



in which  $R^1$  has the above-mentioned meaning

or

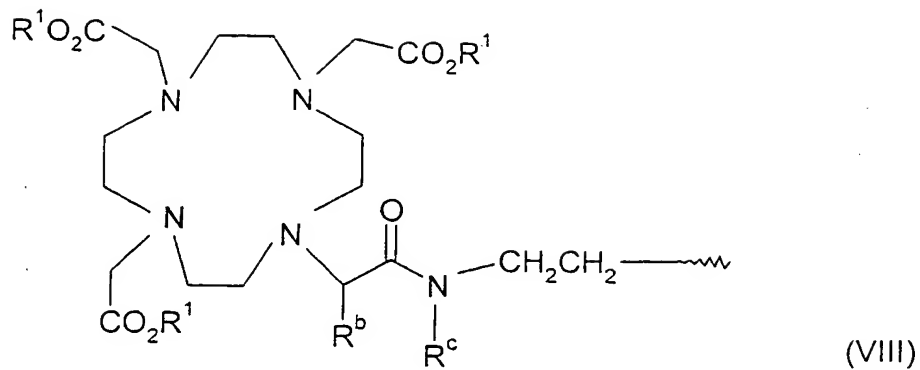
K stands for a complexing agent or complex of general formula VII



in which  $R^1$  and B have the above-mentioned meanings

or

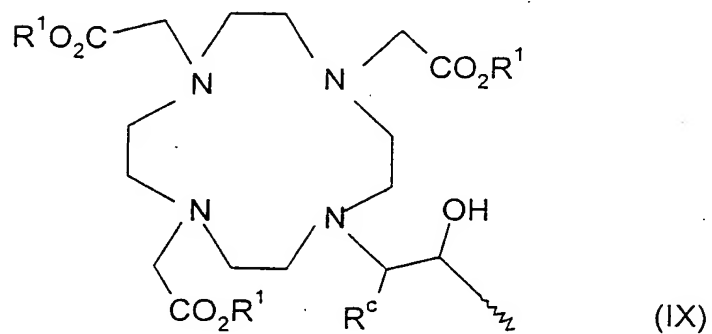
K stands for a complexing agent or complex of general formula VIII



in which  $R^c$ , and  $R^1$  have the above-mentioned meanings, and  $R^b$  has the above-mentioned meaning of  $R^a$

or

K stands for a complexing agent or complex of general formula IX

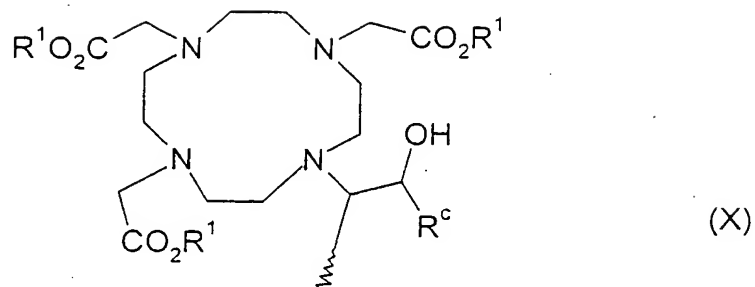


in which  $R^c$  and  $R^1$  have the above-mentioned meanings,

or

K stands for a complexing agent or complex of general formula X

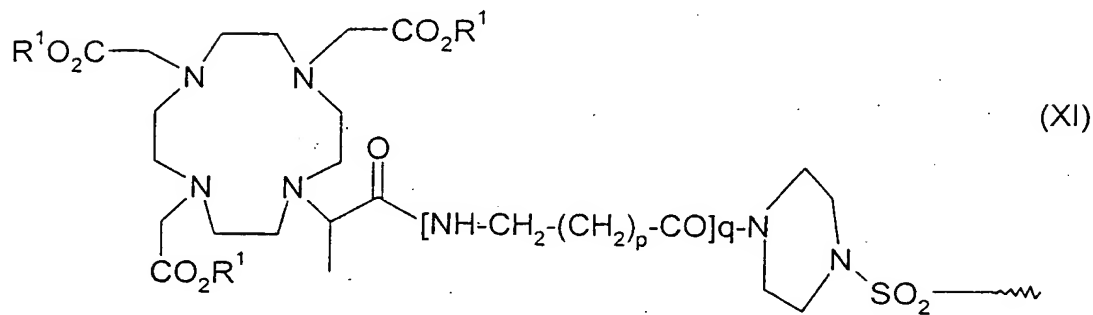




in which  $R^c$  and  $R^1$  have the above-mentioned meanings,

or

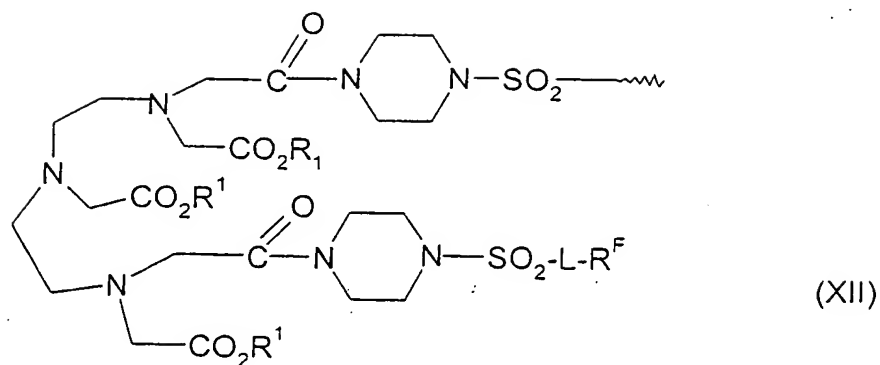
K stands for a complexing agent or complex of general formula XI



in which  $R^1$ ,  $p$  and  $q$  have the above-mentioned meanings, and  $R^b$  has the meaning of  $R^a$ ,

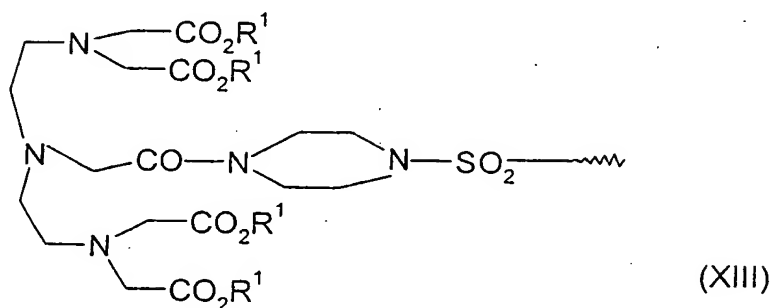
or

K stands for a complexing agent or complex of general formula XII



in which L, R<sup>F</sup> and Z<sup>1</sup> have the above-mentioned meanings,  
or

K stands for a complexing agent or complex of general formula XIII



in which R<sup>1</sup> has the above-mentioned meaning,

are used.

Claim 9 (original): Use according to claim 8, wherein the compounds of general formula I, in which L stands for

$\alpha$ -CH<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>s</sub>- $\beta$     s = 3 - 15  
 $\alpha$ -CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -CH<sub>2</sub>-(O-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>t</sub>- $\beta$     t = 2 - 6  
 $\alpha$ -CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CO- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CO-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(CH<sub>2</sub>COOH)-SO<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$

$\alpha$ -CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CO-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)-SO<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CO-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>21</sub>)-SO<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CO-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>13</sub>)-SO<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CO-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>10</sub>-N(C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)-SO<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CO-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(-CH<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)-SO<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CO-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-OH)-SO<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -CH<sub>2</sub>-NHCO-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>10</sub>-S-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -CH<sub>2</sub>NHCOCH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -CH<sub>2</sub>NHCO(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>10</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -CH<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-C(CH<sub>2</sub>-OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>13</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-OCH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -CH<sub>2</sub>-NHCOCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CON-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NHCOCH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)SO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>8</sub>F<sub>17</sub>

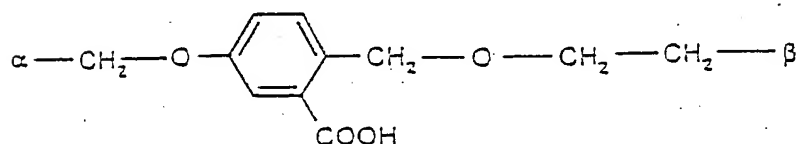
$\text{CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{NHCOCH}_2\text{N(C}_2\text{H}_5\text{)-SO}_2\text{-}\beta$

$\alpha$ -CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH(OC<sub>10</sub>H<sub>21</sub>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$

$\alpha$ -(CH<sub>2</sub>NHCO)<sub>4</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>O-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$

$\alpha$ -(CH<sub>2</sub>NHCO)<sub>3</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>O-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$

$\alpha$ -CH<sub>2</sub>-OCH<sub>2</sub>C(CH<sub>2</sub>OH)<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$



$\alpha$ -CH<sub>2</sub>NHCOCH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)-SO<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$

$\alpha$ -NHCO-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$

$\alpha$ -NHCO-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$

$\alpha$ -NH-CO- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -NH-CO-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(CH<sub>2</sub>COOH)-SO<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -NH-CO-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)-SO<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -NH-CO-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>21</sub>)-SO<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -NH-CO-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>13</sub>)-SO<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -NH-CO-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>10</sub>-N(C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)-SO<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -NH-CO-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(-CH<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)-SO<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -NH-CO-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-OH)-SO<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -NH-CO-CH<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -CH<sub>2</sub>-O-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -CH<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -N(C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)-SO<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -N(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)-SO<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -N(C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>21</sub>)-SO<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -N(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>13</sub>)-SO<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -N(C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>OH)-SO<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -N(CH<sub>2</sub>COOH)-SO<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -N(CH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)-SO<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -N-[CH(CH<sub>2</sub>OH)<sub>2</sub>]-SO<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$   
 $\alpha$ -N-[CH(CH<sub>2</sub>OH)CH(CH<sub>2</sub>OH)]-SO<sub>2</sub>- $\beta$

and in which  $\alpha$  represents the binding site to the complexing agent or metal complex K, and  $\beta$  represents the binding site to the fluorine radical, are used.

Claim 10 (currently amended): Use according to claim 8 or 9, wherein the compounds of formula I in which n in formula -C<sub>n</sub>F<sub>2n</sub>E stands for numbers 4-15 and/or E in this formula means a fluorine atom are used.

Claim 11 (currently amended): Use according to ~~one of claims 8 to 10~~ claim 8, wherein the following compounds are used:

- Gadolinium complex of 10-[1-methyl-2-oxo-3-aza-5-oxo-{4-perfluorooctylsulfonyl-piperazin-1-yl}-pentyl]-1,4,7-tris(carboxymethyl)-1,4,7,10-tetraazacyclododecane,
- Gadolinium complex of 10-[2-hydroxy-4-aza-5-oxo-7-oxa-

- 10,10,11,11,12,12,13,13,14,14,15,15,16,16,17,17-heptafluoroheptadecyl]-1,4,7-tris(carboxymethyl)-1,4,7,10-tetraazacyclododecane,
- Gadolinium complex of 10-[2-hydroxy-4-aza-5,9-dioxo-9-{4-perfluorooctyl}-piperazin-1-yl]-nonyl]-1,4,7-tris(carboxymethyl)-1,4,7,10-tetraazacyclododecane,
  - Gadolinium complex of 10-[2-hydroxy-4-aza-5-oxo-7-aza-7-(perfluorooctylsulfonyl)-nonyl]-1,4,7-tris(carboxymethyl)-1,4,7,10-tetraazacyclododecane,
  - Gadolinium complex of 10-[2-hydroxy-4-oxa-1H,1H,2H,3H,3H,5H,5H,6H,6H-perfluorotetradecyl]-1,4,7-tris(carboxymethyl)-1,4,7,10-tetraazacyclododecane,
  - Gadolinium complex of 10-[2-hydroxy-4-aza-5-oxo-7-oxa-10,10,11,11,12,12,13,13,14,14,15,15,16,16,17,17,18,18,19,19-henicosafluorononadecyl]-1,4,7-tris(carboxymethyl)-1,4,7,10-tetraazacyclododecane,
  - Gadolinium complex of 10-[2-hydroxy-4-aza-5-oxo-11-aza-11-(perfluorooctylsulfonyl)-tridecyl]-1,4,7-tris(carboxymethyl)-1,4,7,10-tetraazacyclododecane,
  - Gadolinium complex of 10-[2-hydroxy-4-aza-5-oxo-7-aza-7-(perfluorooctylsulfonyl)-8-phenyl-octyl]-1,4,7-tris(carboxymethyl)-1,4,7,10-tetraazacyclododecane.

Claim 12 (currently amended): Use according to ~~one of claims 1-7~~ claim 1, wherein as perfluoroalkyl-containing metal complexes; the compounds of general formula Ia



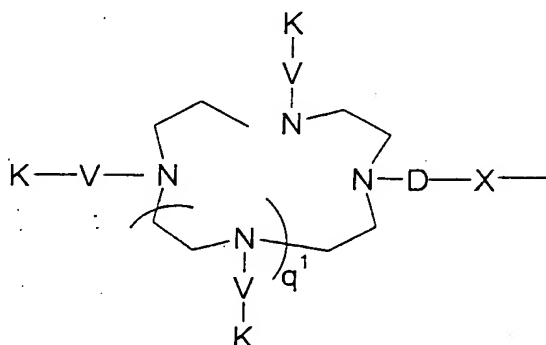
in which

- A is a molecule part that contains 2 to 6 metal complexes, which are bonded directly or via a linker to a nitrogen atom of an annular skeleton chain, and
- $R^F$  is a perfluorinated, straight-chain or branched carbon chain with formula

$-C_nF_{2n}E$ , in which

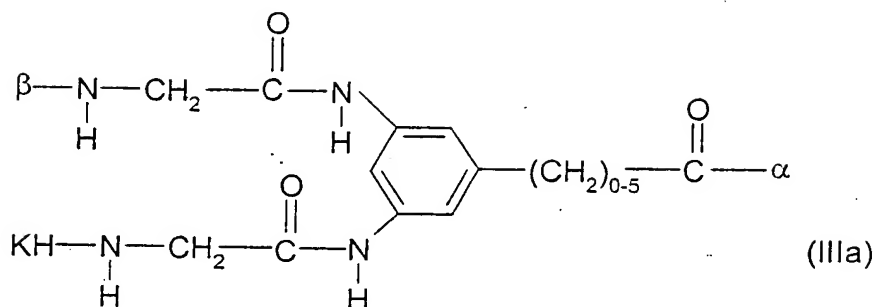
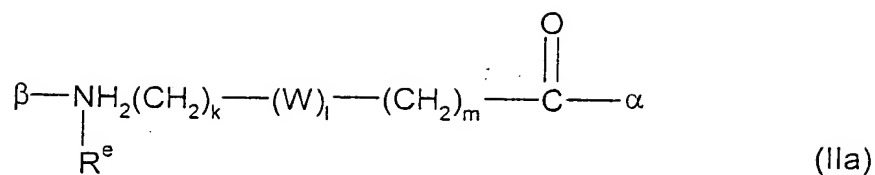
E represents a terminal fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine or hydrogen atom,  
and n stands for numbers 4-30,

whereby molecule part A has the following structure:



whereby

- $q^1$  is a number 0, 1, 2 or 3,
- K stands for a complexing agent or metal complex or their salts of organic and/or inorganic bases or amino acids or amino acid amides,
- X is a direct bond to the perfluoroalkyl group, a phenylene group or a  $C_1-C_{10}$ -alkylene chain, which optionally contains 1-15 oxygen atoms, 1-5 sulfur atoms, 1-10 carbonyl groups, 10-10 ( $NR^d$ ) groups, 1-2  $NR^dSO_2$  groups, 1-10  $CONR^d$  groups, 1 piperidine group, 1-3  $SO_2$  groups and 1-2 phenylene groups or optionally is substituted by 1-3 radicals  $R^F$ , in which  $R^d$  stands for a hydrogen atom, a phenyl group, benzyl group or a  $C_1-C_{15}$  alkyl group, which optionally contains 1-2  $NHCO$  groups, 1-2  $CO$  groups, or 1-5 oxygen atoms and optionally is substituted by 1-5 hydroxy, 1-5 methoxy, 1-3 carboxy, or 1-3  $R^F$  radicals,
- V is a direct bond or a chain of general formula IIa or IIIa:



in which

- $R^e$  is a hydrogen atom, a phenyl group, a benzyl group or a  $C_1$ - $C_7$ -alkyl group, which optionally is substituted with a carboxy group, a methoxy group or a hydroxy group,
- $W$  is a direct bond, a polyglycol ether group with up to 5 glycol units, or a molecule part of general formula IVa



in which  $R^h$  is a  $C_1$ - $C_7$  carboxylic acid, a phenyl group, a benzyl group or a  $-(CH_2)_{1-5}-NH-K$  group,

- $\alpha$  represents the binding to the nitrogen atom of the skeleton chain,  $\beta$  represents the binding to complexing agents or metal complex  $K$ ,
- and in which variables  $k$  and  $m$  stand for natural numbers between 0 and 10,

and l stands for 0 or 1

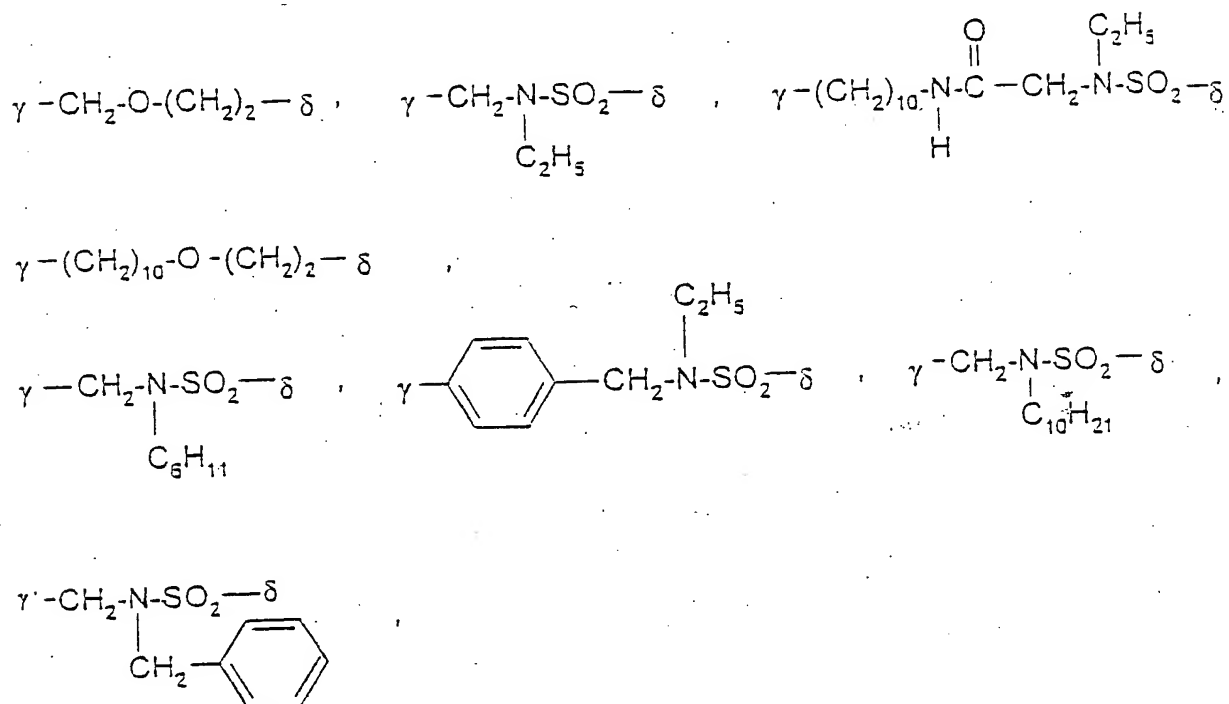
and whereby

- D is a CO or SO<sub>2</sub> group,

are used.

Claim 13 (original): Use according to claim 12, wherein the compounds of general formula Ia in which q is the number 1 are used.

Claim 14 (original): Use according to claim 12, wherein the compounds of general formula Ia are used, in which molecule part X is an alkylene chain, which contains 1-10 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O groups or 1-5 COCH<sub>2</sub>NH groups, a direct bond or one of the following structures

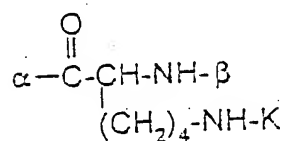
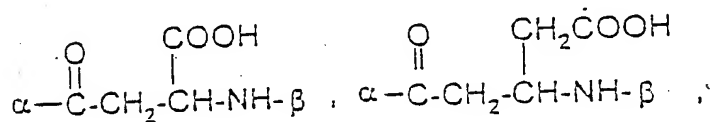
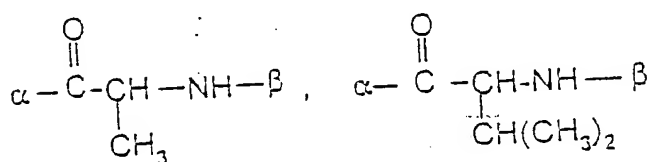
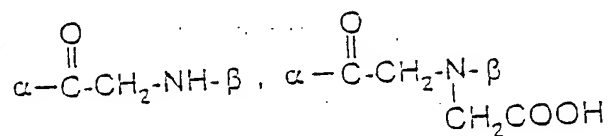


whereby



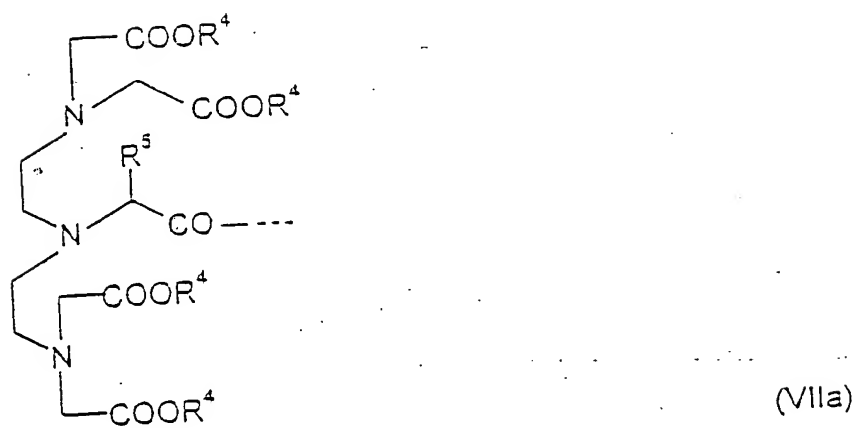
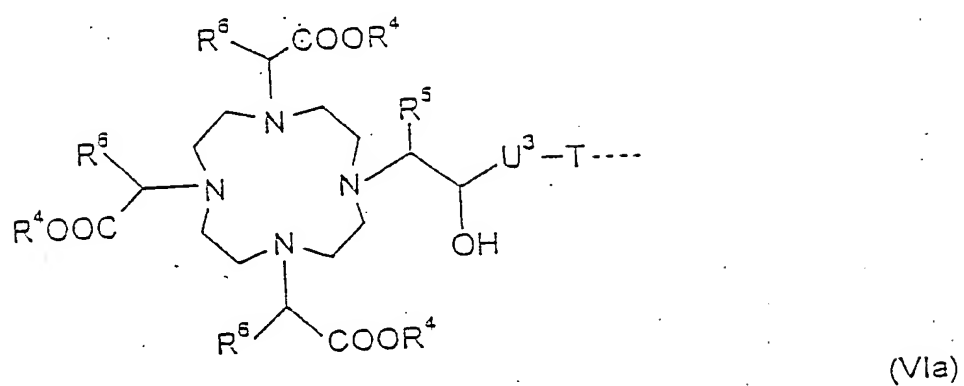
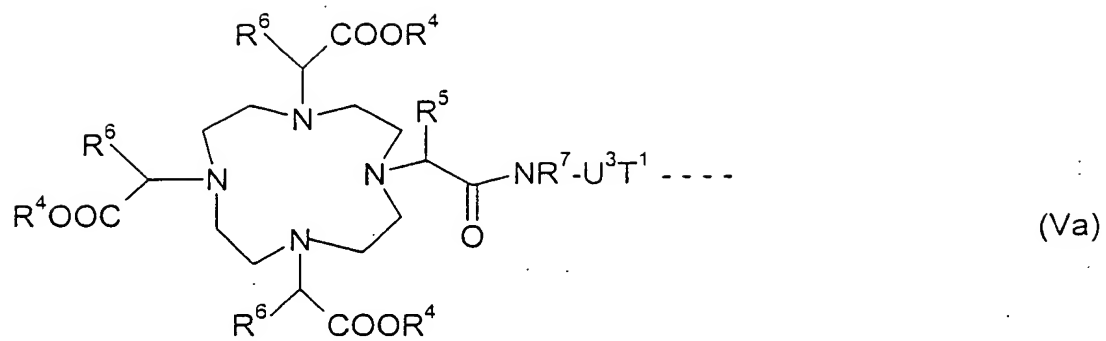
$\gamma$  binds to D, and  $\delta$  binds to  $R^F$ .

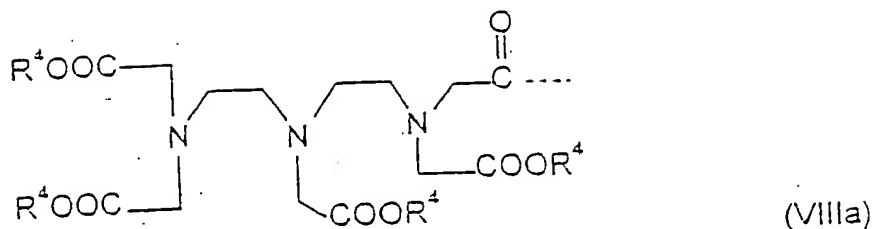
Claim 15 (original): Use according to claim 12, wherein the compounds of general formula Ia, in which V is a molecule part with one of the following structures



are used.

Claim 16 (original): Use according to claim 12, wherein the compounds of general formula Ia, in which K represents a complex of general formula Va, VIa, VIIa or VIIIa,





are used,

whereby

- $R^4$ , independently of one another, are a hydrogen atom or a metal ion equivalent of the elements of atomic numbers 23-29, 42-46 or 58-70,
- $R^5$  is a hydrogen atom or a straight-chain, branched, saturated or unsaturated  $C_1$ - $C_{30}$  alkyl chain, which optionally is substituted by 1-5 hydroxy, 1-3 carboxy or 1 phenyl group(s) and/or optionally is interrupted by 1-10 oxygen atoms, 1 phenylene group or 1 phenylenoxy group,
- $R^6$  is a hydrogen atom, a straight-chain or branched  $C_1$ - $C_7$  alkyl radical, a phenyl radical or benzyl radical,
- $R^7$  is a hydrogen atom, a methyl group or ethyl group, which optionally is substituted by a hydroxy group or carboxy group,
- $U^3$  is a straight-chain, branched, saturated or unsaturated  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$  alkylene group optionally containing 1-5 imino groups, 1-3 phenylene groups, 1-3 phenylenoxy groups, 1-3 phenylenimino groups, 1-5 amide groups, 1-2 hydrazide groups, 1-5 carbonyl groups, 1-5 ethylenoxy groups, 1 urea group, 1 thiourea group, 1-2 carboxyalkylimino groups, 1-2 ester groups, 1-10 oxygen atoms, 1-5 sulfur atoms

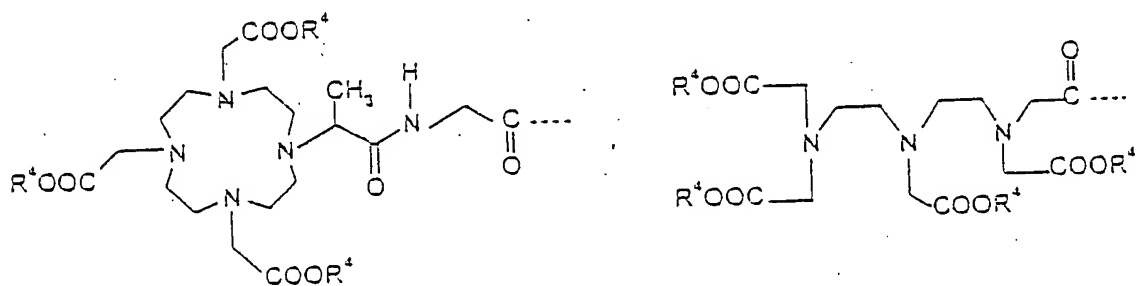
and/or 1-5 nitrogen atoms, and/or optionally substituted by 1-5 hydroxy groups, 1-2 mercapto groups, 1-5 oxo groups, 1-5 thioxo groups, 1-3 carboxy groups, 1-5 carboxyalkyl groups, 1-5 ester groups and/or 1-3 amino groups, whereby the optionally contained phenylene groups can be substituted by 1-2 carboxy groups, 1-2 sulfone groups or 1-2 hydroxy groups

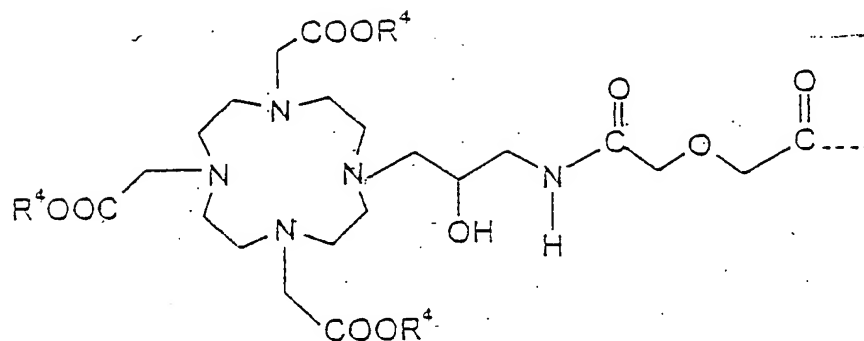
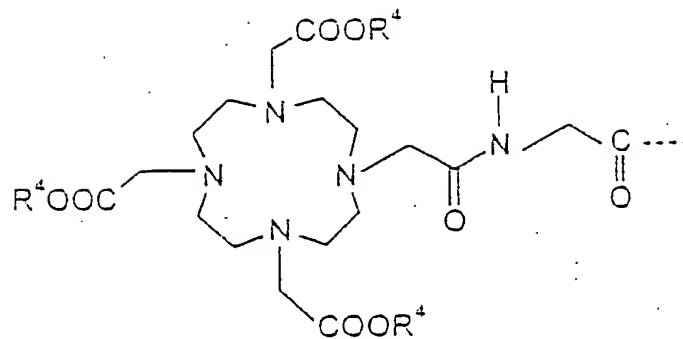
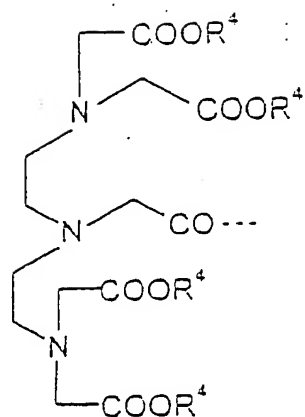
- T<sup>1</sup> stands for a -CO-β, -NHCO-β or -NHCS-β group, whereby β represents the binding site to V.

Claim 17 (original): Use according to claim 16, wherein the C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkylene chain that stands or U<sup>3</sup> contains the groups -CH<sub>2</sub>NHCO-, -NHCOCH<sub>2</sub>O-, -NHCOCH<sub>2</sub>OC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-, -N(CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H)-, -CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>-, -NHCOCH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-, -NHCSNHC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>OC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O- and/or is substituted by the groups -COOH and -CH<sub>2</sub>COOH.

Claim 18 (original): Use according to claim 16, wherein U<sup>3</sup> stands for a -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-, -C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>10</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>NHCOCH<sub>2</sub>CH(CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H)-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>NHCOCH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>-, or -CH<sub>2</sub>NHCOCH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>- group.

Claim 19 (original): Use according to claim 12, wherein the compounds of general formula Ia in which K has one of the following structures:



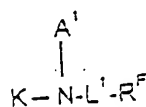


are used.

Claim 20 (currently amended): Use according to ~~one of claims 12 to 19~~ claim 12, wherein the compounds of general formula Ia in which the perfluoroalkyl chain  $R^F$  is  $-C_6F_{13}$ ,  $-C_8F_{17}$ ,  $-C_{10}F_{21}$  or  $-C_{12}F_{25}$  are used.

Claim 21 (currently amended): Use according to ~~one of claims 12 to 20~~ claim 12, wherein the gadolinium complex of 1,4,7-tris{1,4,7-tris(N-(carboxylatomethyl)-10-[N- $\text{I}$ -methyl-3,6-diaza-2,5,8-trioxooctane-1,8-diyl)]-1,4,7,10-tetraazacyclododecane, Gd complex}-10-[N-2H,2H,4H,4H,5H,5H-3-oxa-perfluorotridecanoyl]-1,4,7,10-tetraazacyclododecane is used.

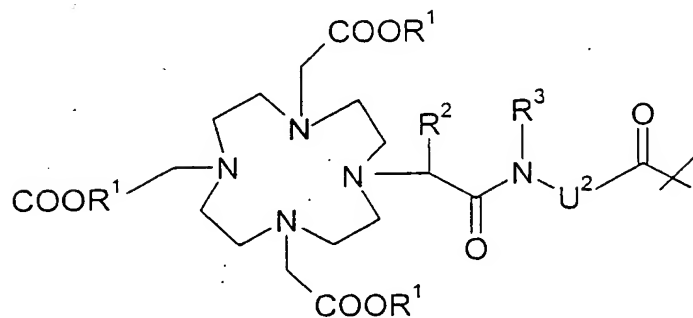
Claim 22 (currently amended): Use according to ~~one of claims 1 to 7~~ claim 1, wherein as perfluoroalkyl-containing metal complexes, the compounds of general formula Ib



(Ib)

in which

K means a complexing agent or a metal complex of general formula IIb



(IIb)

whereby

R<sup>1</sup> stands for a hydrogen atom or a metal ion equivalent of atomic numbers 23-29, 42-46 or 58-70,

R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> stand for a hydrogen atom, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>-alkyl group, a benzyl group, a phenyl group, -CH<sub>2</sub>OH or -CH<sub>2</sub>-OCH<sub>3</sub>,

U<sup>2</sup> stands for radical L<sup>1</sup>, whereby L<sup>1</sup> and U<sup>2</sup>, independently of one another, can be the same or different, however,

A<sup>1</sup> means a hydrogen atom, a straight-chain or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>30</sub> alkyl group, which optionally is interrupted by 1-15 oxygen atoms, and/or optionally is substituted with 1-10 hydroxy groups, 1-2 COOH groups, a phenyl group, a benzyl group and/or 1-5 -OR<sup>9</sup> groups, with R<sup>9</sup> in the meaning of a hydrogen atom or a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> alkyl radical, or -L<sup>1</sup>-R<sup>F</sup>,

L<sup>1</sup> means a straight-chain or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>30</sub>-alkylene group, which optionally is interrupted by 1-10 oxygen atoms, 1-5 -NH-CO groups, 1-5 -CO-NH groups, by a phenylene group optionally substituted by a COOH- group, 1-3 sulfur atoms, 1-2

-N(B<sup>1</sup>)-SO<sub>2</sub> groups and/or 1-2 -SO<sub>2</sub>-N(B<sup>1</sup>)-groups with B<sup>1</sup> in the meaning of A<sup>1</sup>,  
and/or optionally is substituted with radical R<sup>F</sup>, and

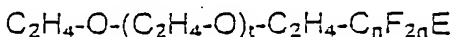
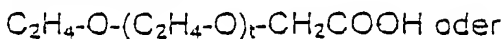
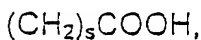
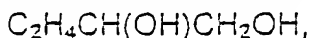
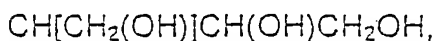
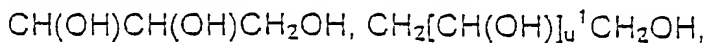
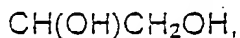
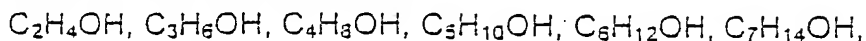
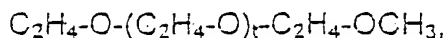
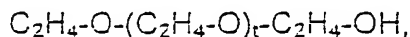
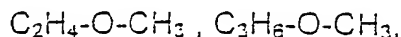
R<sup>F</sup> means a straight-chain or branched perfluorinated alkyl radical of formula C<sub>n</sub>F<sub>2n</sub>E,  
whereby n stands for numbers 4-30, and

E stands for a terminal fluorine atom, chlorine atom, bromine atom,  
iodine atom or a hydrogen atom,

and optionally present acid groups optionally can be present as salts of organic and/or inorganic  
bases or amino acids or amino acid amides,  
are used.

Claim 23 (original): Use according to claim 22, wherein the compounds of general  
formula Ib, in which R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>9</sup>, independently of one another, mean hydrogen or a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>  
alkyl group, are used.

Claim 24 (original): Use according to claim 22, wherein the compounds of general  
formula Ib, in which A<sup>1</sup> means hydrogen, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>15</sub> alkyl radical,  
the radicals



or

whereby

s stands for integers 1 to 15,

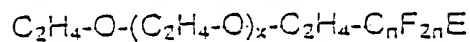
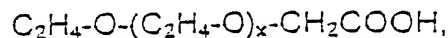
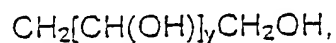
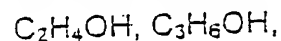
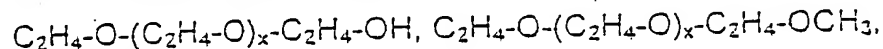
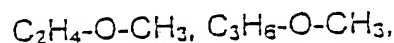
t stands for integers 0 to 13,

u<sup>1</sup> stands for integers 1 to 10,

n stands for integers 4 to 20, and

E stands for hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, bromine or iodine atoms, and if necessary, their branched isomers, are used.

Claim 25 (original): Use according to claim 22, wherein the compounds of general formula Ib, in which A<sup>1</sup> means hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl,



whereby

x stands for integers 0 to 5,

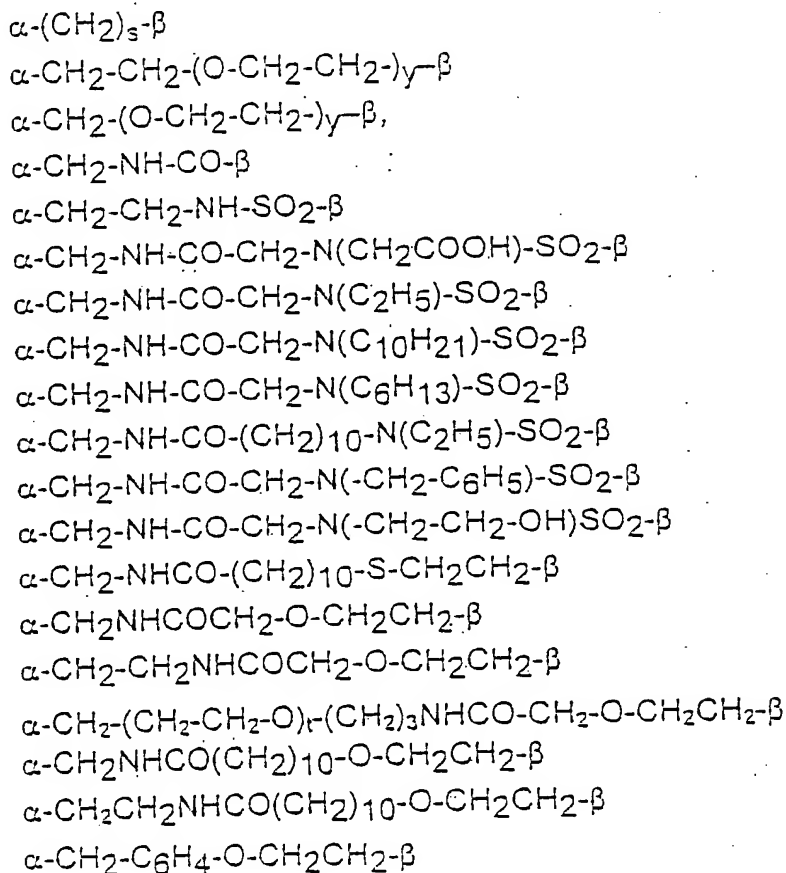
y stands for integers 1 to 6,

w stands for integers 1 to 10,

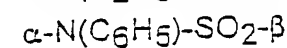
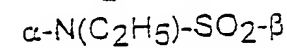
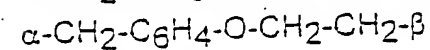
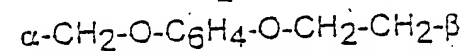
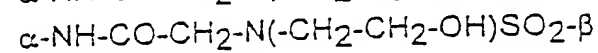
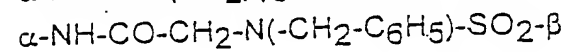
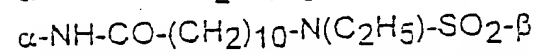
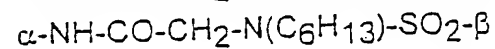
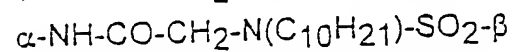
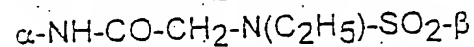
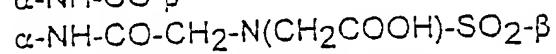
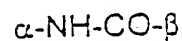
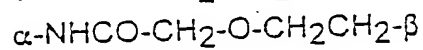
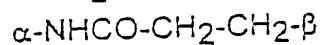
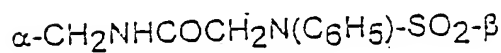
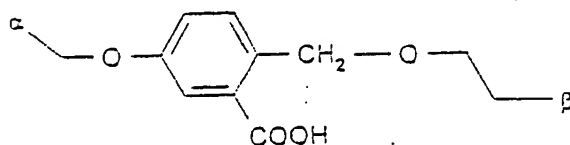
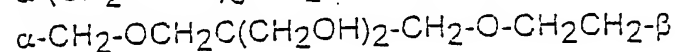
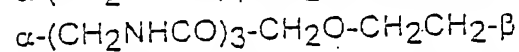
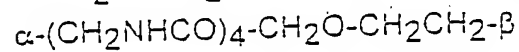
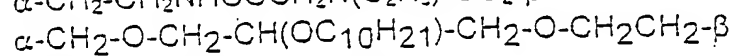
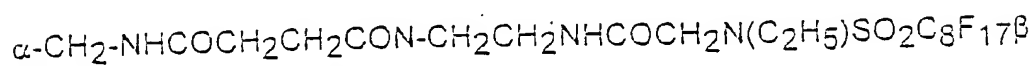
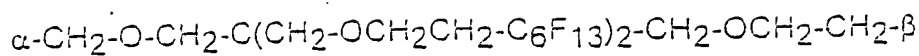


n stands for integers 4 to 15, and  
 E stands for a fluorine atom, and, if necessary, their branched isomers  
 are used.

Claim 26 (original): Use according to claim 22, wherein the compounds of general  
 formula Ib, in which L<sup>1</sup> means



whereby phenylene group 1,4 or 1,3 is linked



$\alpha\text{-N(C}_{10}\text{H}_{21}\text{)-SO}_2\text{-}\beta$   
 $\alpha\text{-N(C}_6\text{H}_{13}\text{)-SO}_2\text{-}\beta$   
 $\alpha\text{-N(C}_2\text{H}_4\text{OH)-SO}_2\text{-}\beta$   
 $\alpha\text{-N(CH}_2\text{COOH)-SO}_2\text{-}\beta$   
 $\alpha\text{-N(CH}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{)-SO}_2\text{-}\beta$   
 $\alpha\text{-N-[CH(CH}_2\text{OH)}_2\text{]-SO}_2\text{-}\beta$   
 $\alpha\text{-N-[CH(CH}_2\text{OH)CH(OH)(CH}_2\text{OH)]-SO}_2\text{-}\beta$

whereby

s stands for integers 1 to 15 and

y stands for integers 1 to 6,

are used.

Claim 27 (original): Use according to claim 22, wherein the compounds of general formula Ib, in which L<sup>1</sup> means

$\alpha\text{-CH}_2\text{-O-CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{-}\beta$ ,  
 $\alpha\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-(O-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{)}_y\text{-}\beta$ ,  
 $\alpha\text{-CH}_2\text{-(O-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{)}_y\text{-}\beta$ ,  
 $\alpha\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-NH-SO}_2\text{-}\beta$ , Bsp. 10  
 $\alpha\text{-CH}_2\text{NHCOCH}_2\text{-O-CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{-}\beta$ ,  
 $\alpha\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{NHCOCH}_2\text{-O-CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{-}\beta$ ,  
 $\alpha\text{-CH}_2\text{-(CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-O)}_y\text{-(CH}_2\text{)}_3\text{NHCO-CH}_2\text{-O-CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{-}\beta$ ,  
 $\alpha\text{-CH}_2\text{NHCO(CH}_2\text{)}_{10}\text{-O-CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{-}\beta$ ,  
 $\alpha\text{-CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NHCO(CH}_2\text{)}_{10}\text{-O-CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{-}\beta$ ,  
 $\alpha\text{-CH}_2\text{-O-CH}_2\text{-CH(OC}_{10}\text{H}_{21}\text{)-CH}_2\text{-O-CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{-}\beta$ ,  
 $\alpha\text{-CH}_2\text{-O-C}_6\text{H}_4\text{-O-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-}\beta$  oder  
 $\alpha\text{-CH}_2\text{-C}_6\text{H}_4\text{-O-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-}\beta$

or

whereby

y stands for integers 1 to 6,

are used.

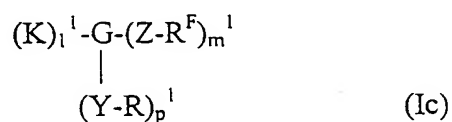
Claim 28 (original): Use according to claim 22, wherein the compounds of general

formula Ib, in which R<sup>F</sup> means a straight-chain or branched perfluorinated alkyl radical of formula C<sub>n</sub>F<sub>2n</sub>E, whereby n stands for numbers 4 to 15 and E stands for a terminal fluorine atom, are used.

Claim 29 (currently amended): Use according to ~~one of claims 22 to 28~~ claim 22, wherein the following compounds are used:

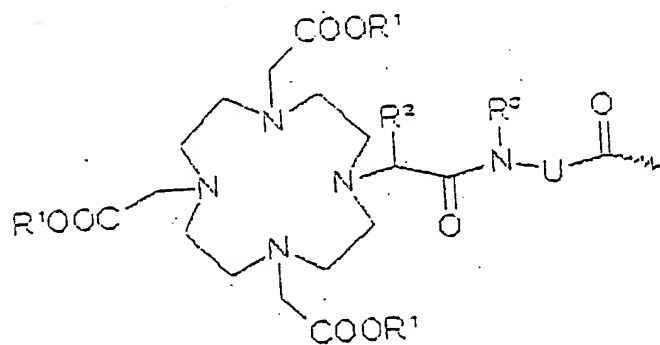
- 1,4,7-Tris(carboxylatomethyl)-10-(3-aza-4-oxo-hexan-5-yl)-acid-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)-N-(1H,1H,2H,2H,4H,4H,5H,5H-3-oxa)-perfluorotridecyl]-amide]-1,4,7,10-tetraazacyclododecane, gadolinium complex
- 1,4,7-Tris(carboxylatomethyl)-10-[(3-aza-4-oxo-hexan-5-yl)-acid-N-(3,6,9,12,15-pentaoxa)-hexadecyl)-(1H,1H,2H,2H,4H,4H,5H,5H-3-oxa)-perfluorotridecyl]-amide]-1,4,7,10-tetraazacyclododecane, gadolinium complex
- 1,4,7-Tris(carboxylatomethyl)-10-[(3-aza-4-oxo-hexan-5-yl)-acid-N-5-hydroxy-3-oxa-pentyl)-N-(1H,1H,2H,2H,4H,4H,5H,5H-3-oxa)-perfluorotridecyl]-amide]-1,4,7,10-tetraazacyclododecane, gadolinium complex
- 1,4,7-Tris(carboxylatomethyl)-10-[(3-aza-4-oxo-hexan-5-yl)-acid-[N-3,6,9,15-tetraoxa-12-aza-15-oxo-C<sub>17</sub>-C<sub>26</sub>-hepta-decafluoro)hexacosyl]-amide]-1,4,7,10-tetraazacyclododecane, gadolinium complex
- 1,4,7-Tris(carboxylatomethyl)-10-[(3-aza-4-oxo-hexan-5-yl)-acid-N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N-(1H,1H,2H,2H,4H,4H,5H,5H-3-oxa)-perfluorotridecyl]-amide]-1,4,7,10-tetraazacyclododecane, gadolinium complex.

Claim 30 (currently amended): Use according to ~~one of claims 1 to 7~~ claim 1, wherein as perfluoroalkyl-containing metal complexes, the compounds with sugar radicals of general formula Ic



in which

- R represents a mono-or oligosaccharide radical bonded by the 1-OH- or 1-SH-position,
- $R^F$  is a perfluorinated, straight-chain or branched carbon chain with the formula  $-C_nF_{2n}E$ , in which E represents a terminal fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine or hydrogen atom, and n stands for numbers 4-30,
- K stands for a metal complex of general formula IIc,



(IIc)

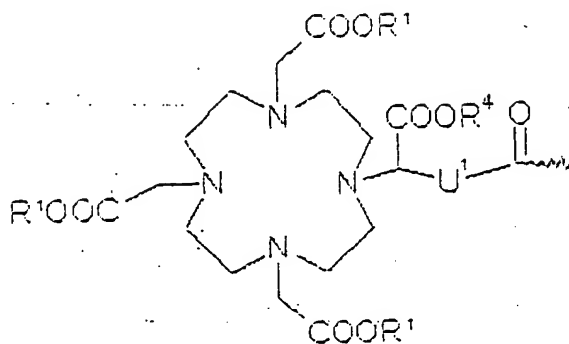
in which

- $R^1$  means a hydrogen atom or a metal ion equivalent of atomic numbers 23-29, 42-46 or 58-70,  
provided that at least two  $R^1$  stand for metal ion equivalents,
- $R^2$  and  $R^3$ , independently of one another, represent hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_7$ -alkyl, benzyl, phenyl,  $-CH_2OH$  or  $-CH_2OCH_3$ , and
- U represents  $-C_6H_4-O-CH_2-\omega$ ,  $-(CH_2)_{1-5}-\omega$ , a phenylene group,  $-CH_2-NHCO-CH_2-CH(CH_2COOH)-C_6H_4-\omega$ ,  $-C_6H_4-(OCH_2CH_2)_{0-1}-N(CH_2COOH)-CH_2-\omega$ , or a  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$ -alkylene group or  $C_7$ - $C_{12}$ - $C_6H_4-O$  group optionally interrupted by one or more oxygen atoms, 1 to 3  $-NHCO$  groups or 1 to 3  $-CONH$  groups and/or substituted

with 1 to 3  $-(CH_2)_{0.5} COOH$  groups, whereby  $\omega$  stands for the binding site to  $-CO-$ ,

or

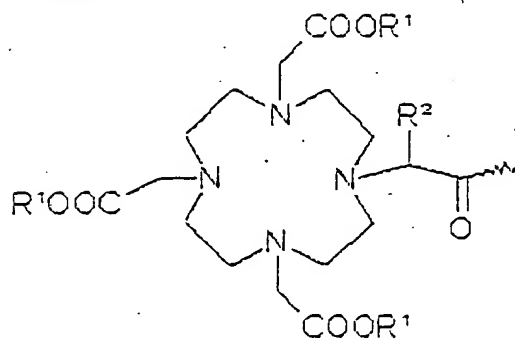
of general formula IIIc



(IIIc)

in which  $R^1$  has the above-mentioned meaning,  $R^4$  represents hydrogen or a metal ion equivalent mentioned under  $R^1$ , and  $U^1$  represents  $-C_6H_4-O-CH_2-\omega$ , whereby  $\omega$  means the binding site to  $-CO-$ ,

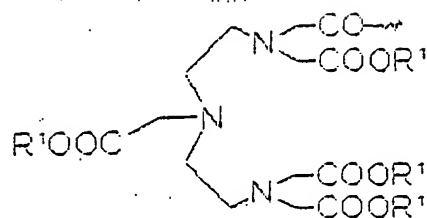
or of general formula IVc



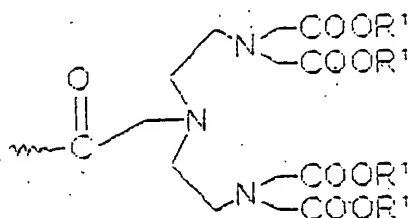
(IVc)

in which  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  have the above-mentioned meaning

or of general formula VcA or VcB



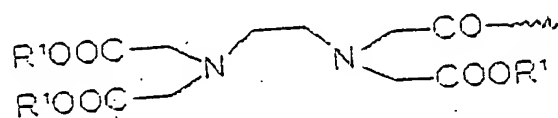
(VcA)



(VcB)

in which R<sup>1</sup> has the above-mentioned meaning,

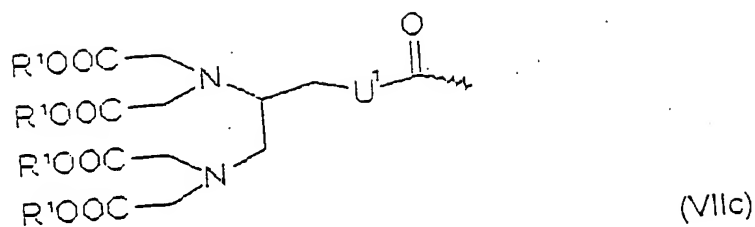
or of general formula VIc



(VIc)

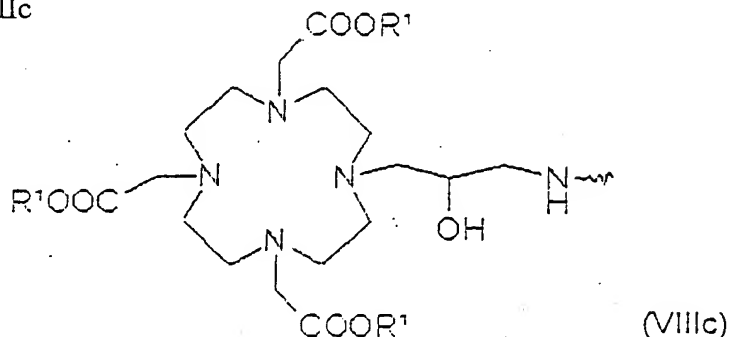
in which R<sup>1</sup> has the above-mentioned meaning,

or of general formula VIc



in which R<sup>1</sup> has the above-mentioned meaning, and

U<sup>1</sup> represents -C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-ω, whereby ω means the binding site to -CO- or of general formula VIIIc

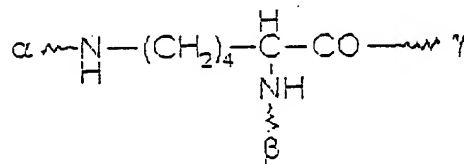


in which R<sup>1</sup> has the above-mentioned meaning,

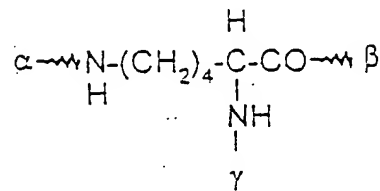
and in radical K, optionally present free acid groups optionally can be present as salts of organic and/or inorganic bases or amino acids or amino acid amides,

G for the case that K means metal complexes IIc to VIIc represents a radical that is functionalized in at least three places and is selected from the following radicals a) to j)

(a1)

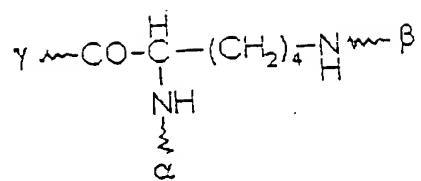


(a2)

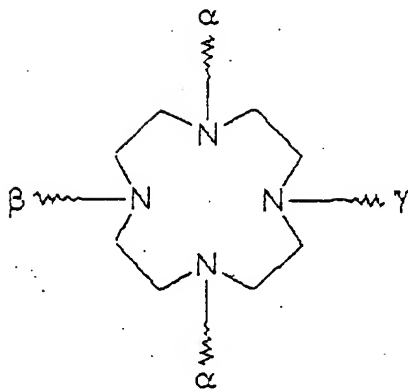




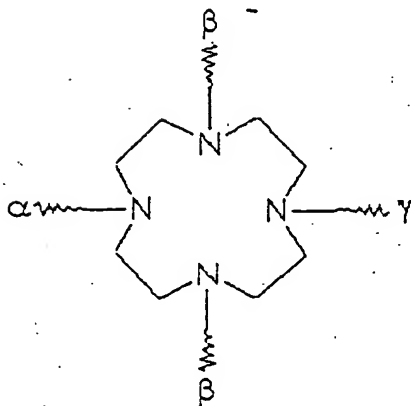
(b)



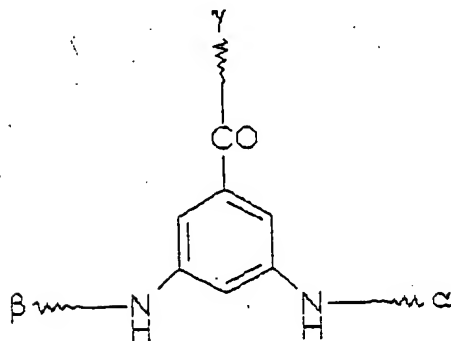
(c)



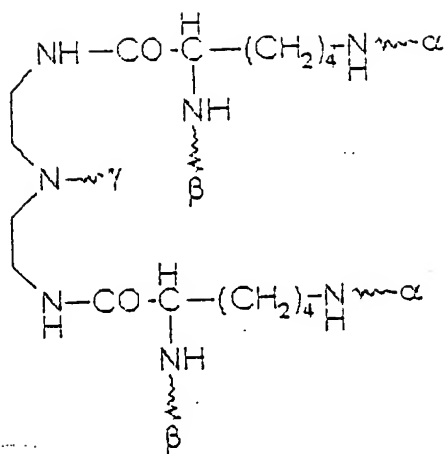
(d)



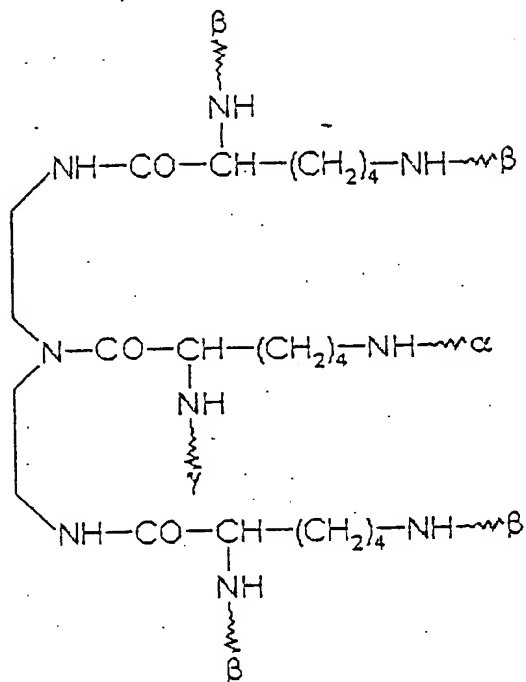
(e)



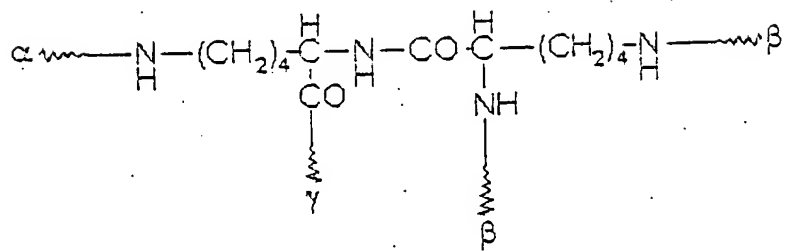
(f)



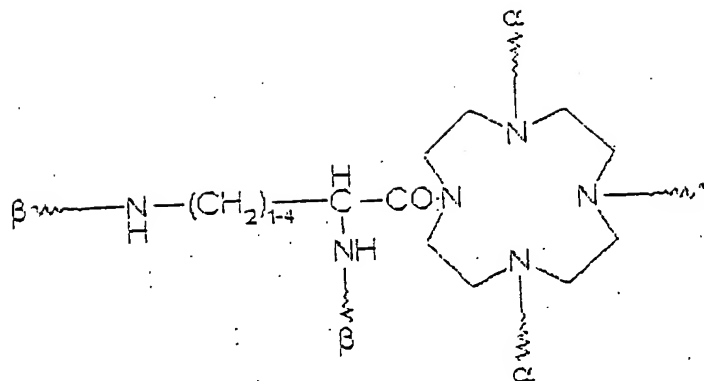
(g)



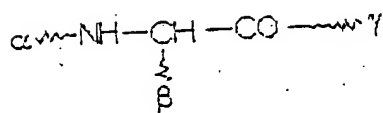
(h)



(i)



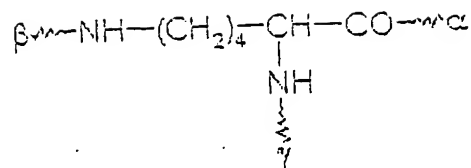
(j)



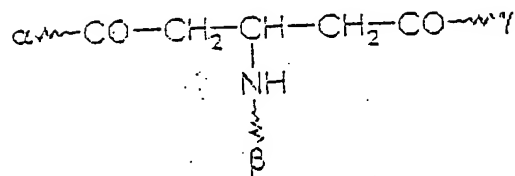
and

G for the case that K means metal complex VIIIc represents a radical that is functionalized in at least three places and is selected from k) or l),

(k)



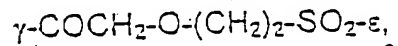
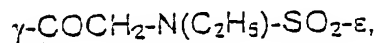
(l)

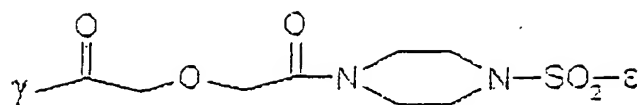


whereby  $\alpha$  means the binding site of G to complex K,  $\beta$  is the binding site of G to radical Y, and  $\gamma$  represents the binding site of G to radical Z,

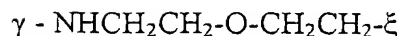
Y means  $-\text{CH}_2$ ,  $\delta - (\text{CH}_2)_{(1-5)}\text{CO}-\beta$ ,  $\beta - (\text{CH}_2)_{(1-5)}\text{CO}-\delta$ ,  $\delta - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CHOH} - \text{CO}-\beta$  or  $\delta - \text{CH}(\text{CHOH} - \text{CH}_2\text{OH}) - \text{CHOH} - \text{CHOH} - \text{CO}-\beta$ , whereby  $\delta$  represents the binding site to sugar radical R and  $\beta$  is the binding site to radical G,

Z stands for





or



whereby  $\gamma$  represents the binding site of Z to radical G, and  $\xi$  means the binding site of Z to perfluorinated radical  $\text{R}^{\text{F}}$

and

$l^1, m^1$ , independently of one another, mean integers 1 or 2, and

$p^1$  means integers 1 to 4,

are used.

Claim 31 (original): Use according to claim 30, wherein the compounds of general formula Ic, in which R represents a monosaccharide radical with 5 to 6 C atoms or its deoxy compound, preferably glucose, mannose or galactose, are used.

Claim 32 (original): Use according to claim 30, wherein the compounds of general formula Ic, in which  $\text{R}^2$  and  $\text{R}^3$ , independently of one another, mean hydrogen or  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_4$  alkyl and/or E in formula  $-\text{C}_n\text{F}_{2n}\text{E}$  means a fluorine atom, are used.

Claim 33 (original): Use according to claim 30, wherein the compounds of general formula Ic, in which G represents lysine radical (a) or (b), are used.

Claim 34 (original): Use according to claim 30, wherein the compounds of general formula Ic are used, in which Z means



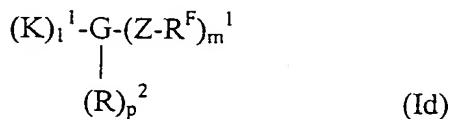
whereby  $\gamma$  represents the binding site of Z to radical G, and  $\xi$  means the binding site of Z to

perfluorinated radical  $R^F$ , and/or Y means  $\delta$ -CH<sub>2</sub>CO- $\beta$ , whereby  $\delta$  represents the binding site to sugar radical R and  $\beta$  represents the binding site to radical G.

Claim 35 (original): Use according to claim 30, wherein the compounds of general formula Ic are used, in which U in metal complex K represents -CH<sub>2</sub>- or -C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>- $\omega$ , whereby  $\omega$  stands for the binding site to -CO-.

Claim 36 (original): Use according to claim 30, wherein the gadolinium complex of 6-N-[1,4,7-tris(carboxylatomethyl)-1,4,7,10-tetraazacyclododecane-10-N-(pentanoyl-3-aza-4-oxo-5-methyl-5-yl)]-2-N-[1-O- $\alpha$ -D-carbonylmethyl-mannopyranose]-L-lysine-[1-(4-perfluorooctylsulfonyl)-piperazine]-amide is used.

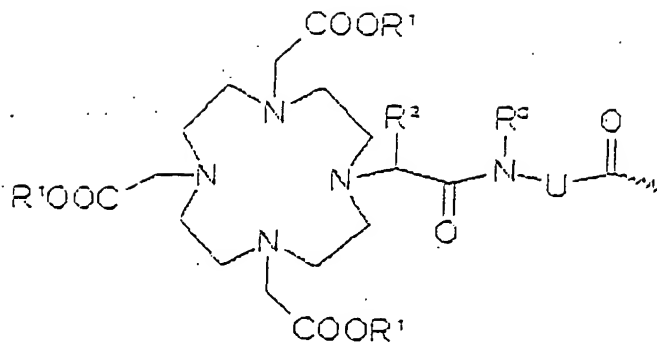
Claim 37 (currently amended): Use according to ~~one of claims 1 to 7~~ claim 1, wherein as perfluoroalkyl-containing metal complexes, the compounds with polar radicals of general formula Id



in which

$R^F$  is a perfluorinated, straight-chain or branched carbon chain with formula  $\text{--C}_n\text{F}_{2n}\text{E}$ , in which E represents a terminal fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine or hydrogen atom, and n stands for numbers 4-30,

K stands for a metal complex of general formula IIId,



in which

(IIId)

$R^1$  means a hydrogen atom or a metal ion equivalent of atomic numbers 23-29, 42-46 or 58-70,

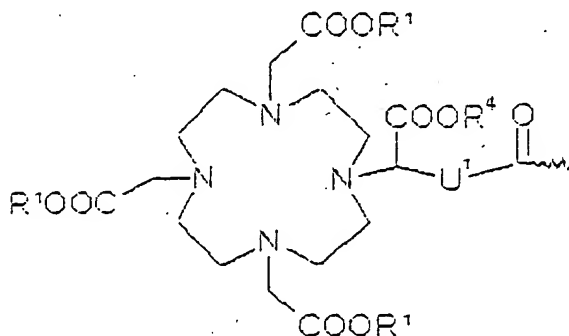
provided that at least two  $R^1$  stand for metal ion equivalents,

$R^2$  and  $R^3$ , independently of one another, represent hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_7$  alkyl, benzyl, phenyl,  $-CH_2OH$  or  $-CH_2OCH_3$ , and

U represents  $-C_6H_4-O-CH_2-\omega$ -,  $-(CH_2)_{1-5}-\omega$ , a phenylene group,  $-CH_2-NHCO-CH_2-CH(CH_2COOH)-C_6H_4-\omega$ -,  $-C_6H_4-(OCH_2CH_2)_{0-1}-N(CH_2COOH)-CH_2-\omega$ , or a  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkylene group or  $C_7$ - $C_{12}$ - $C_6H_4-O$  group optionally interrupted by one or more oxygen atoms, 1 to 3  $-NHCO$  groups, 1 to 3  $-CONH$  groups and/or substituted with 1 to 3  $-(CH_2)_{0-5}COOH$  groups, whereby  $\omega$  stands for the binding site to  $-CO-$ ,

or

of general formula IIIId



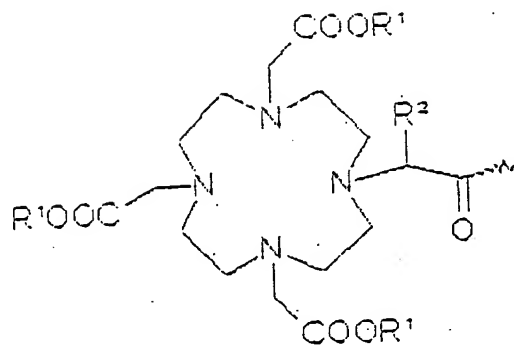
(IIIId)

in which  $R^1$  has the above-mentioned meaning,  $R^4$  represents hydrogen or a metal ion equivalent

mentioned under  $R^1$ , and  $U^1$  represents  $-C_6H_4-O-CH_2-\omega-$ , whereby  $\omega$  means the binding site to  $-CO-$ ,

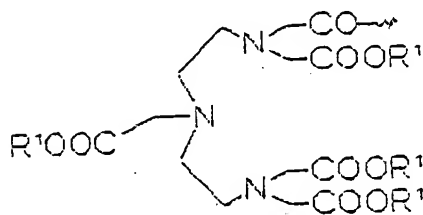
or

of general formula IVd

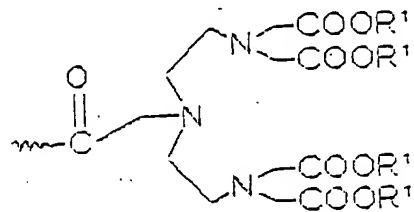


(IVd)

in which  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  have the above-mentioned meaning,  
or of general formula VdA or VdB



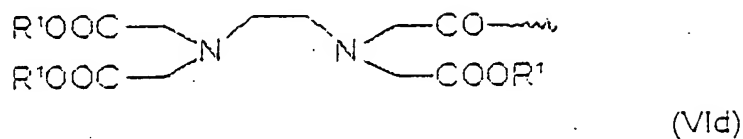
(VdA)



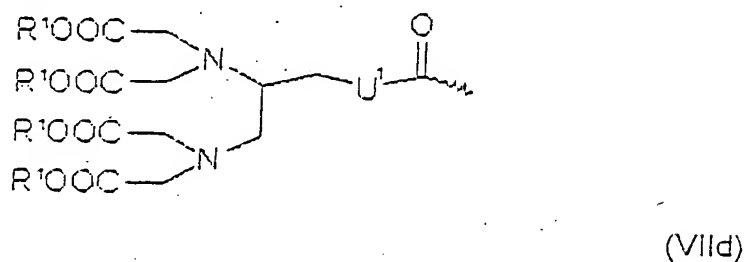
(VdB)



in which  $R^1$  has the above-mentioned meaning,  
or of general formula VIId



in which  $R^1$  has the above-mentioned meaning,  
or of general formula VIId

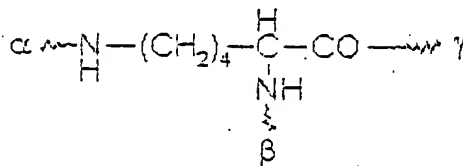


in which  $R^1$  has the above-mentioned meaning, and

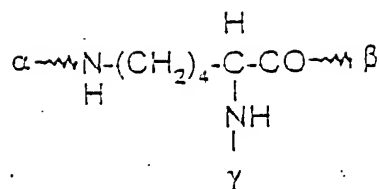
$U^1$  represents  $-C_6H_4-O-CH_2-\omega-$ , whereby  $\omega$  means the binding site to  $-CO-$ ,  
and in radical K, optionally present free acid groups optionally can be present as salts of  
organic and/or inorganic bases or amino acids or amino acid amides,

G represents a radical that is functionalized in at least three places and is selected  
from the following radicals a) to g)

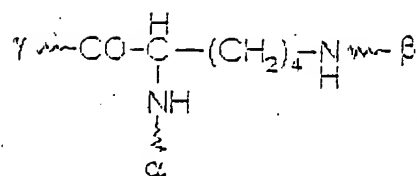
(a1)



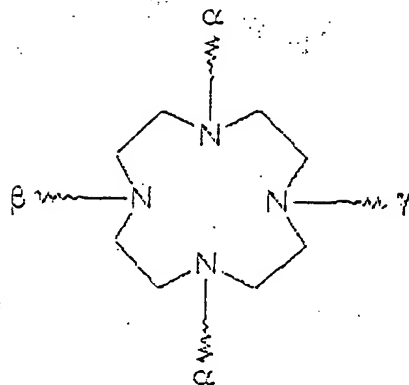
(a2)



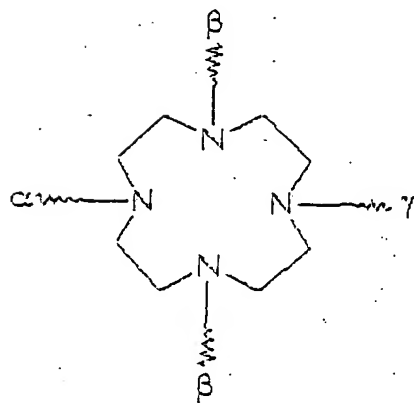
(b)



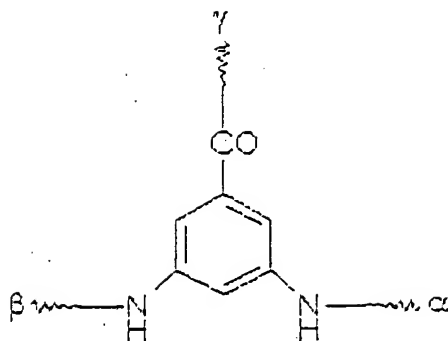
(c)



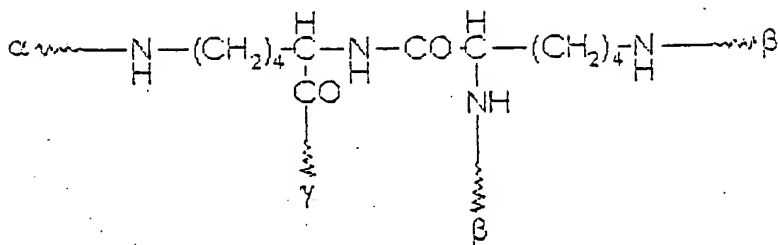
(d)



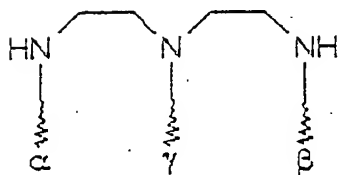
(e)



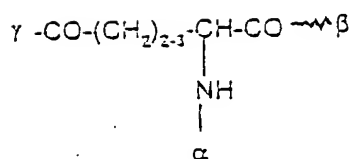
(f)



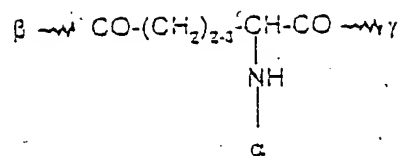
(g)



(h)



(i)



whereby  $\alpha$  means the binding site of G to complex K,  $\beta$  is the binding site of G to radical R, and  $\gamma$  represents the binding site of G to radical Z

Z stands for



whereby  $\gamma$  represents the binding site of Z to radical G and  $\xi$  means the binding site of Z to perfluorinated radical  $R_f$ ,

R represents a polar radical that is selected from complexes K of general formulas IIId to VIId, whereby  $R^1$  here means a hydrogen atom or a metal ion equivalent of atomic numbers 20, 23-29, 42-46 or 58-70,

and radicals  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ ,  $R^4$ , U and  $U^1$  have the above-indicated meaning,

or

means the folic acid radical

or

means a carbon chain with 2-30 C atoms that is bonded to radical G via -CO- or SO<sub>2</sub>- or a direct bond to radical G, and is straight or branched, saturated or unsaturated, optionally interrupted by 1-10 oxygen atoms, 1-5 -NHCO groups, 1-5 -CONH groups, 1-2 sulfur atoms, 1-5 -NH groups or 1-2 phenylene groups, which optionally can be substituted with 1-2 OH groups, 1-2 NH<sub>2</sub> groups, 1-2 -COOH groups, or 1-2 -SO<sub>3</sub>H groups,

or

optionally substituted with 1-8 OH groups, 1-5 -COOH groups, 1-2 SO<sub>3</sub>H groups,

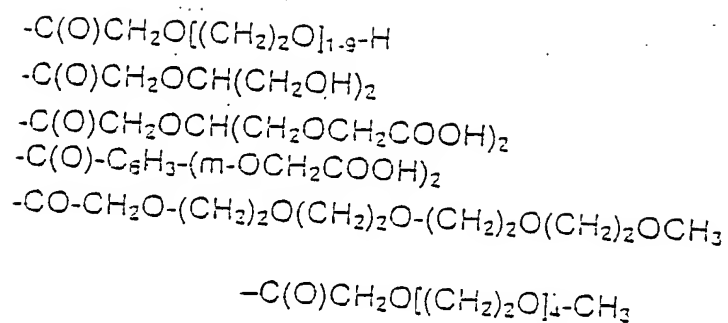
1-5 NH<sub>2</sub> groups, or 1-5 C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy groups, and  
l<sup>1</sup>, m<sup>1</sup>, p<sup>2</sup>, independently of one another, mean integers 1 or 2,  
are used.

Claim 38 (original): Use according to claim 37, wherein the compounds of general formula Id, in which K stands for a metal complex of general formula IIId, IIId, VdB or VIId, are used.

Claim 39 (original): Use according to claim 37, wherein the compounds of general formula Id, in which polar radical R has the meaning of complex K, preferably complex K of general formulas IIId, IIId, VdA or VIId, are used.

Claim 40 (original): Use according to claim 37, wherein the compounds of general formula Id, in which polar radical R has the following meanings:

- C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>H
- C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH
- C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH
- C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>CH(OH)CH<sub>2</sub>OH
- C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>NH-C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>COOH
- C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH(OH)CH<sub>2</sub>OH
- C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>COOH
- SO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>COOH
- C(O)-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>-(m-COOH)<sub>2</sub>
- C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>-(m-COOH)<sub>2</sub>
- C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>O-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-m-SO<sub>3</sub>H
- C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>NHC(O)CH<sub>2</sub>NHC(O)CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>COOH
- C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>COOH
- C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>CH(OH)CH<sub>2</sub>O-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH
- C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>CH(OH)CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>-CH(OH)-CH<sub>2</sub>OH
- C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>H
- C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>COOH
- C(O)CH(OH)CH(OH)CH<sub>2</sub>OH
- C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>O[(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O]<sub>1-9</sub>-CH<sub>3</sub>



preferably

are used.

Claim 41 (original): Use according to claim 37, wherein the compounds of general formula Id, in which polar radical R is the folic acid radical, are used.

Claim 42 (original): Use according to claim 37, wherein the compounds of general formula Id, in which G represents lysine radical (a) or (b), are used.

Claim 43 (original): Use according to claim 37, wherein the compounds of general formula Id, in which U represents group  $-\text{CH}_2-$  or  $-\text{C}_6\text{H}_4-\text{O}-\text{CH}_2-\omega$  in metal complex K, whereby  $\omega$  stands for the binding site to  $-\text{CO}-$ , are used.

Claim 44 (currently amended): Use according to ~~one of claims 37-43~~ claim 37, wherein the gadolinium complex of 2,6-N,N'-bis[1,4,7-tris(carboxylatomethyl)-1,4,7,10-tetraazacyclododecane-10-(pentanoyl-3-aza-4-oxo-5-methyl-5-yl)]-lysine-[1-(4-perfluorooctylsulfonyl-piperazine)]-amide is used.

Claim 45 (currently amended): Use according to ~~one of claims 1-7~~ claim 1, wherein as perfluoroalkyl-containing metal complexes, galenical formulations that contain paramagnetic,

perfluoroalkyl-containing metal complexes of general formulas I, Ia, Ib, Ic and/or Id and diamagnetic perfluoroalkyl-containing substances, preferably dissolved in an aqueous solvent, are used.

Claim 46 (original): Use according to claim 45, wherein as diamagnetic perfluoroalkyl-containing substances, those of general formula XX

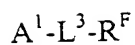


in which  $R^F$  represents a straight-chain or branched perfluoroalkyl radical with 4 to 30 carbon atoms,  $L^2$  stands for a linker and  $B^2$  stands for a hydrophilic group, are used.

Claim 47 (original): Use according to claim 46, wherein linker  $L^2$  is a direct bond, an  $-SO_2$  group, or a straight-chain or branched carbon chain with up to 20 carbon atoms, which can be substituted with one or more  $-OH$ ,  $-COO^-$ , or  $-SO_3$  groups and/or optionally contains one or more  $-O-$ ,  $-S-$ ,  $-CO-$ ,  $-CONH-$ ,  $-NHCO-$ ,  $-CONR^9-$ ,  $-NR^9CO-$ ,  $-SO_2-$ ,  $-PO_4^-$ ,  $-NH-$  or  $-NR^9$  groups, an aryl ring or a piperazine, whereby  $R^9$  stands for a  $C_1$ -to  $C_{20}$ -alkyl radical, which in turn can contain one or more O atoms, and/or can be substituted with  $-COO^-$  or  $SO_3$  groups.

Claim 48 (original): Use according to claim 46, wherein hydrophilic group  $B^2$  is a mono- or disaccharide, one or more adjacent  $-COO^-$  or  $-SO_3$  groups, a dicarboxylic acid, an isophthalic acid, a picolinic acid, a benzenesulfonic acid, a tetrahydropyrandicarboxylic acid, a 2,6-pyridinedicarboxylic acid, a quaternary ammonium ion, an aminopolycarboxylic acid, an aminodipolyethylene glycolsulfonic acid, an aminopolyethylene glycol group, an  $SO_2-(CH_2)_2-OH$  group, a polyhydroxyalkyl chain with at least two hydroxyl groups or one or more polyethylene glycol chains with at least two glycol units, whereby the polyethylene glycol chains are terminated by an  $-OH$  or  $-OCH_3$  group.

Claim 49 (original): Use according to claim 45, wherein as diamagnetic perfluoroalkyl-containing substances, conjugates that consist of  $\alpha$ -,  $\beta$ - or  $\gamma$ -cyclodextrin and compounds of general formula XXII



(XXII)

in which  $A^2$  stands for an adamantane, biphenyl or anthracene molecule,  $L^3$  stands for a linker, and  $R^F$  stands for a straight-chain or branched perfluoroalkyl radical with 4 to 30 carbon atoms, and whereby linker  $L^3$  is a straight-chain hydrocarbon chain with 1 to 20 carbon atoms, which can be interrupted by one or more oxygen atoms, one or more CO-, SO<sub>2</sub>-, CONH-, NHCO-, CONR<sup>10</sup>-, NR<sup>10</sup>CO-, NH- or NR<sup>10</sup> groups or a piperazine, whereby R<sup>10</sup> is a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkyl radical, are used.

Claim 50 (original): Use according to claim 45, wherein as diamagnetic perfluoroalkyl-containing substances, those of general formula XXI:



(XXI)

in which  $R^F$  represents a straight-chain or branched perfluoroalkyl radical with 4 to 30 carbon atoms, and  $X^1$  is a radical that is selected from the group of the following radicals (n in this case is a number between 1 and 10), are used:



